

Obtaining a single score from multiple reporters: An item analysis that combines parent and teacher reports

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Introduction

- Constructs of interest
- Multiple reporters, different items

Multiple Reporters - Single Score

- CTT vs. MMT
- Item Factor Analysis
- Bi-factor Model

Results

- Model Fit
- Scores

Initial Validation

- IEP Status
- Developmental Delays

Summary

The Constructs

- ▶ Social / Behavioral Competence:
 - ▶ How outgoing is a child?, Does the child follow directions?, Does the child get in trouble?
- ▶ Academic Competence
 - ▶ Does the child know basic personal information?, Does the child have a basic grasp of reading / math?
- ▶ Adaptive Competence / Independent Functioning
 - ▶ Can the child use a toothbrush, wash hands, has use of arms & legs?

Multiple Reporters & Measures

- ▶ Two reporters:
 - ▶ KFI - Parent Report (N = 2,298)
 - ▶ KTS - Teacher Report (N = 1,581)
- ▶ Different scales
 - ▶ Different items on each scale
- ▶ Not all children were assessed by both reporters
- ▶ Not all items were completed by all reporters on any single measure
- ▶ We want a common score that can be used for all children
- ▶ So what do we do?

Measurement Theory

- ▶ Classical test theory (CTT)
 - ▶ Get a sum or mean score for each kid on each completed assessment (per construct)
 - ▶ May not want two scores per kid (when available)
 - ▶ There are other problems....
 - ▶ All items are equally reliable
 - ▶ Scores are item / test dependent

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 - ▶ Scores are item / test dependent
 - ▶ No easy way to combine multiple reporters.

- ▶ Modern measurement theory (MMT)
 - ▶ Calculate a single score from multiple reporters
 - ▶ Can score all kids with at least one response from at least one reporter
 - ▶ While this is possible, it is more difficult....

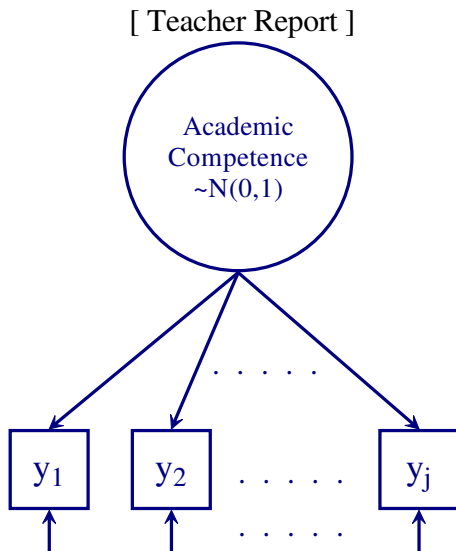
Some of the steps

- ▶ Select items you believe operationally define your constructs of interest
- ▶ Item Factor Analysis (IFA):
 - ▶ Initial exploratory factor analysis
 - ▶ Sense of possible dimensionality issues
 - ▶ Local dependence
 - ▶ Evaluate unidimensional IFA models within reporter
 - ▶ Combine reports to evaluate a joint IFA model
 - ▶ Use of “Method” factors, also called a “Bi-factor” model
 - ▶ Estimate individual scores

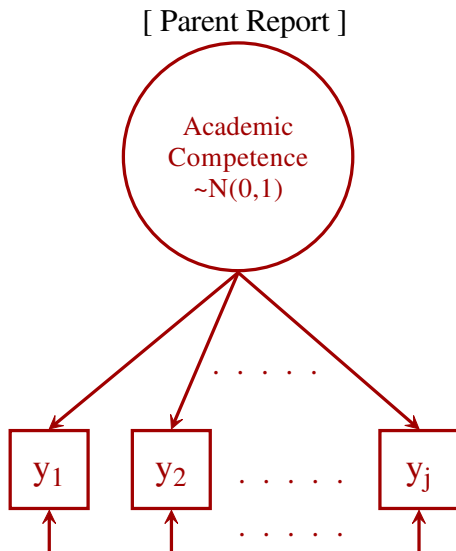
Item Factor Analysis

- ▶ Item Factor Analysis
 - ▶ Categorical Exploratory Factor Analysis
 - ▶ Categorical Confirmatory Factor Analysis
 - ▶ Item Response Theory
- ▶ Item independent
- ▶ Allows for item specific weights
- ▶ Provides continuous, interpretable, and comparable scores

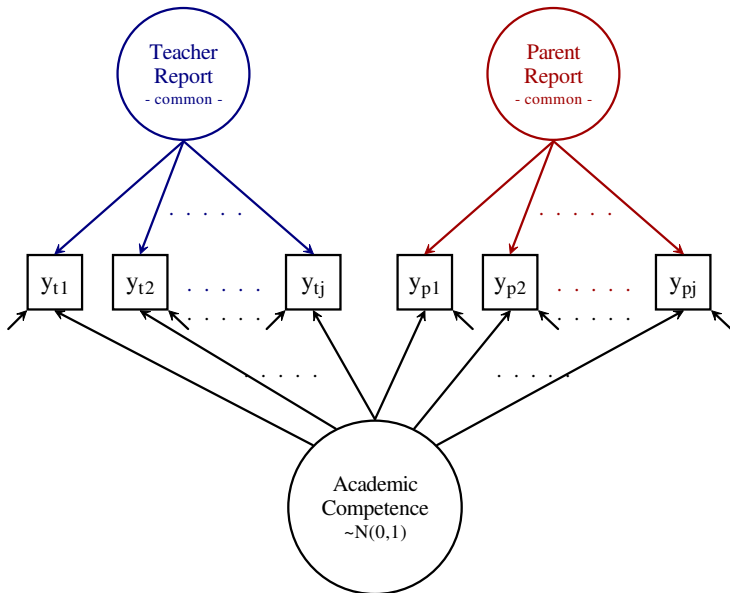
Teacher Report



Parent Report



Bi-factor Model

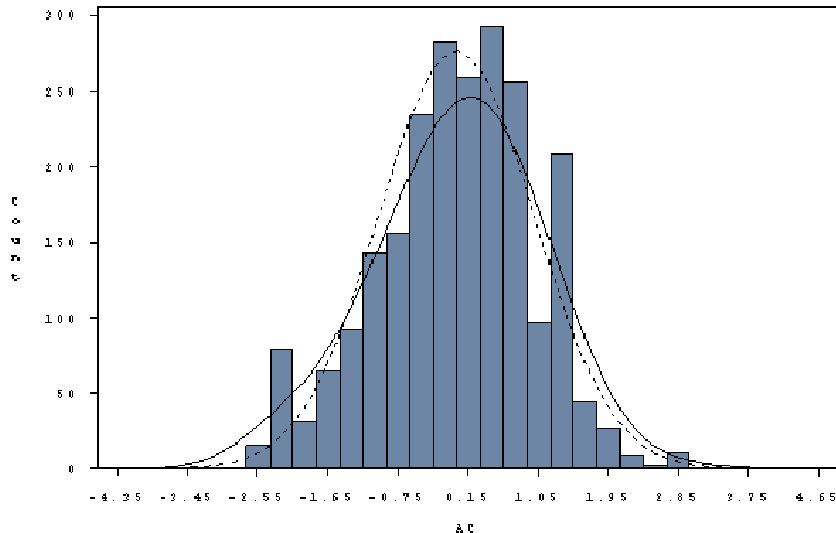


Model Fit

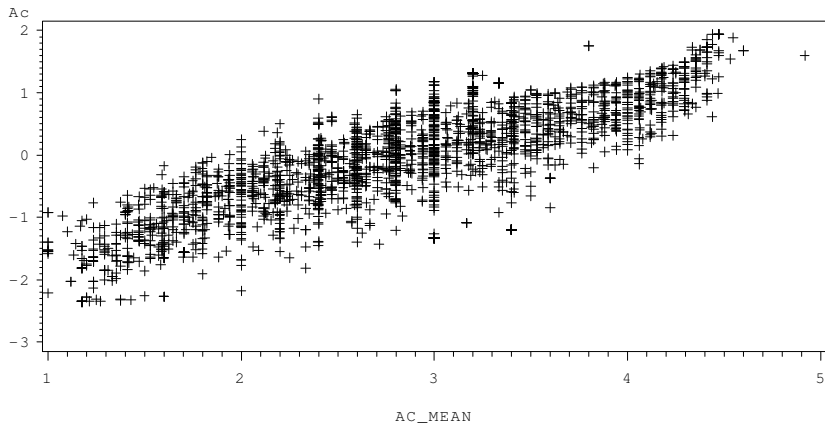
	Outcome		
	Social / Behavioral	Academic	Adaptive / Independence
χ^2	316.90	654.11	755.23
<i>df</i>	71	48	117
<i>p</i> -value	< .0001	< .0001	< .0001
CFI	0.98	0.98	0.97
TLI	0.99	1.00	1.00
RMSEA	0.04	0.07	0.05
N	2320	2307	2307

Estimation and evaluation was conducted using Robust WLS as implemented in Mplus v.5

Academic Scores (N = 2307)



Academic Factor vs. Mean Scores



Mean Outcome Scores by Kindergarten IEP Status

Domain	Disability		
	IEP	but No IEP	No IEP
Social / Behavioral	-.38	.28	.49
Academic	-.35	.26	.46
Adaptive Functioning	-.43	.16	.68

Mean Academic Score by Provider Rating's of Delay

Domain	No	Mild	Moderate / severe	N/A
Gross motor	.33	-.06	-.78	-.00
Fine motor	.39	-.00	-.72	-.01
Social development	.38	-.09	-.60	.00
Receptive language	.43	.04	-.56	-.01
Expressive language	.50	.23	-.30	.00
Cognitive development	.42	-.04	-.69	.00
Self-help/independence	.34	.05	-.72	.01
Vision	.17	-.56	-.97	-.05
Hearing	.12	-.18	-.61	-.06

Summary

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ Measurement
 - ▶ thinking about scores
- ▶ Item Factor Analysis
- ▶ Obtain a single, easily interpretable score from multiple reporters
- ▶ Initial Validation

Thank You.

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