

CVPR 2021 tutorial on Cross-view and Cross-modal Visual Geo-Localization

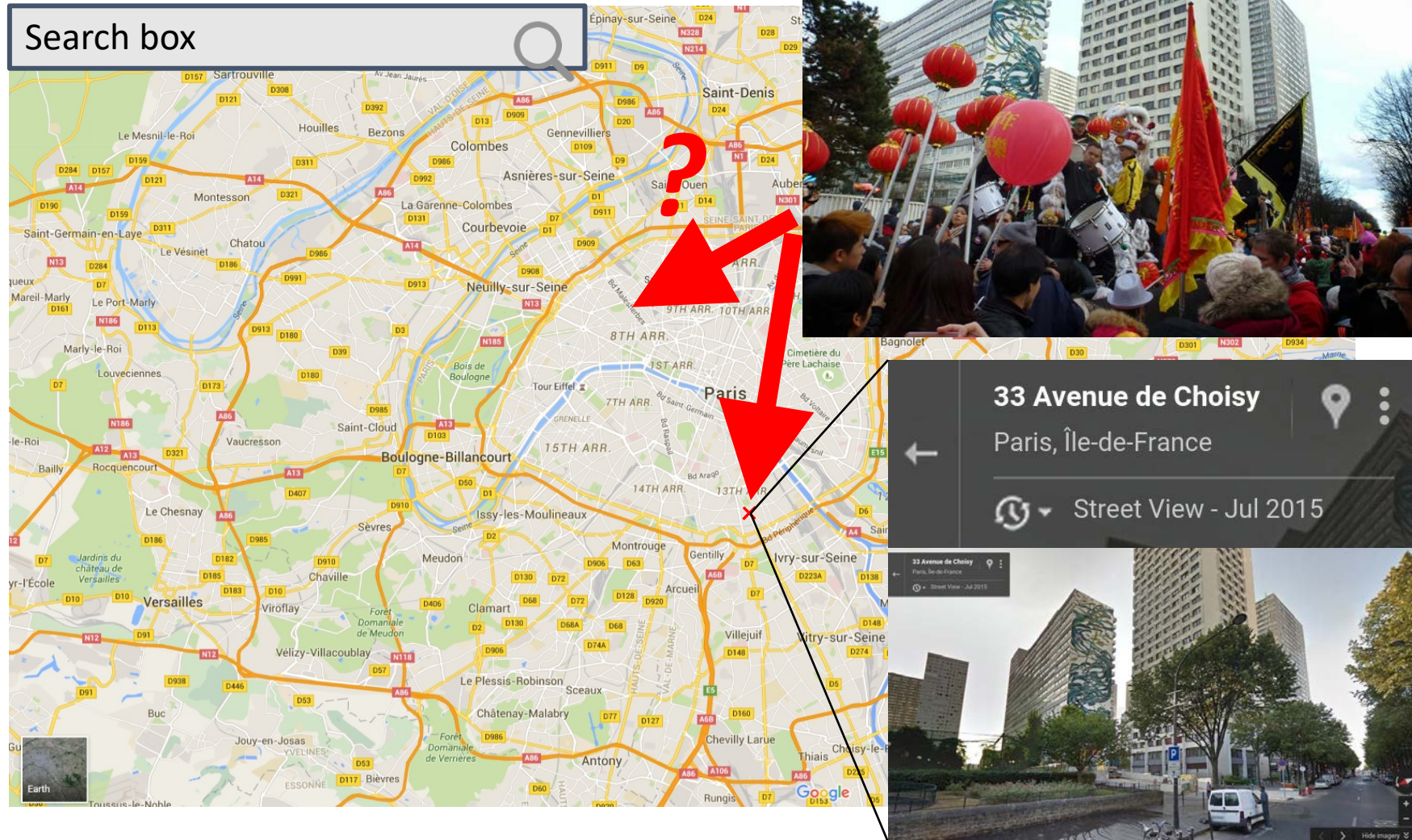
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Image based Geo-Localization





Missing hiker found based on photo he texted from Los Angeles area mountains

https://www.nbcnews.com/news/us-news/missing-hiker-found-based-photo-he-texted-los-angeles-area-n1264199?cid=sm_npd_nn_tw_ma

April 15th, 2021

Image based Geo-Location Applications: Navigation and Mapping

Visual Geo-localization

Autonomous Vehicles and Robotics



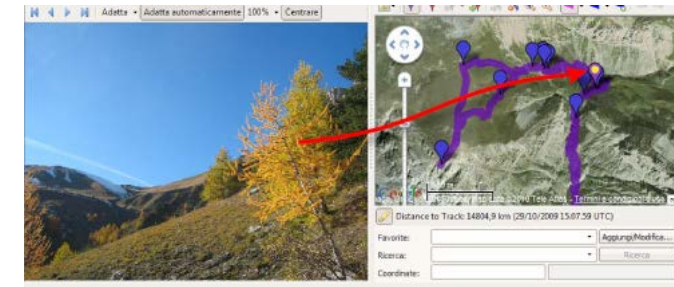
Augmented Reality and Person Localization



3D Modeling Outdoors & Indoors

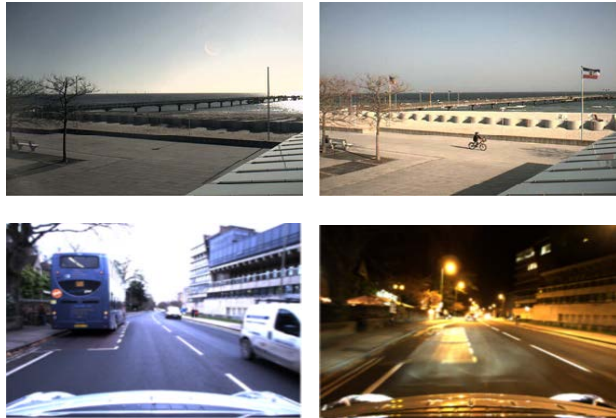


Geo-tag images



Cross-Time, Cross-View, and Cross-Modal

Cross-Time



Sample Pairs (Ground RGB)

Cross-View



Sample Pairs (Ground-Aerial RGB)

Cross-Modal

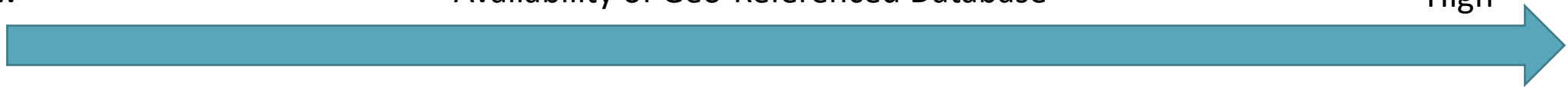


Sample Pairs (Ground RGB-OpenStreetMap)

Low

Availability of Geo-Referenced Database

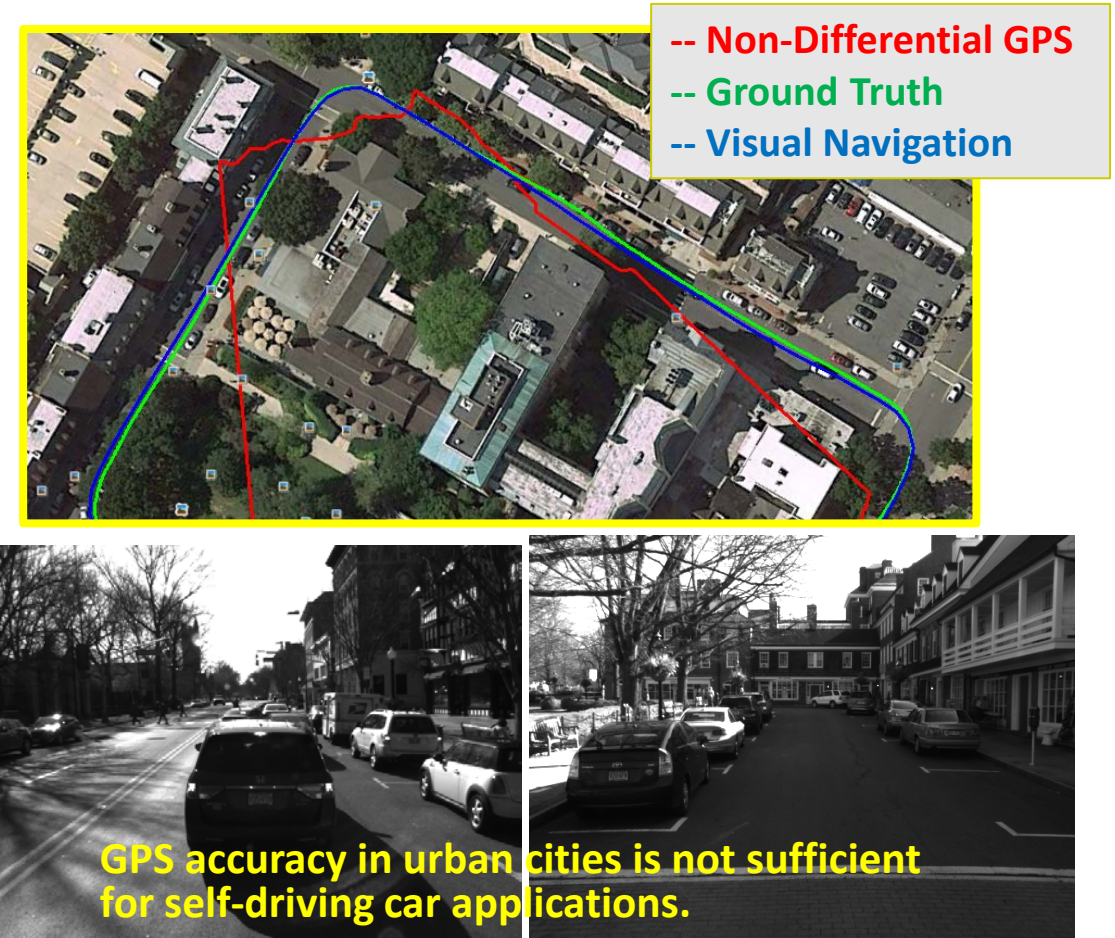
High



Difficulty in Image-Based Visual Localization based on Reference Data

Application: Navigation for Self-Driving Car

- **Challenge:** Automotive industry uses costly and bulky 3D LIDAR with GPS on each vehicle to geo-localize the vehicle within a 3D geo-referenced database, which is also constructed using LIDAR sensors.
- **Solution:** Using cameras instead of LIDARs for this geo-localization process can significantly reduce the sensor cost on each ground vehicle.
- **3D Geo-Referenced Database:**
 - Ground Camera Collection: Cross-Time
 - Aerial Camera Collection: Cross-View
 - LiDAR Collection: Cross-Modal



V. Murali et al., “Utilizing Semantic Visual Landmarks for Precise Vehicle Navigation”, IEEE ITSC 2017.
H. Chiu et al., “Sub-Meter Vehicle Navigation Using Efficient Pre-Mapped Visual Landmarks”, IEEE ITSC 2016.

Application: Large-Scale Augmented Reality

- **Challenge:** Estimating highly-accurate 3D pose (position and orientation) of the user's view is necessary for AR, which offers simulated insertions mixed with a live video feed of user's real view.
 - GPS or traditional visual navigation (SLAM) algorithms cannot provide required localization accuracy requirement to large-scale AR.
- **Solution:** Visual geo-localization to a pre-built 3D geo-referenced database offers an appealing solution to this application.

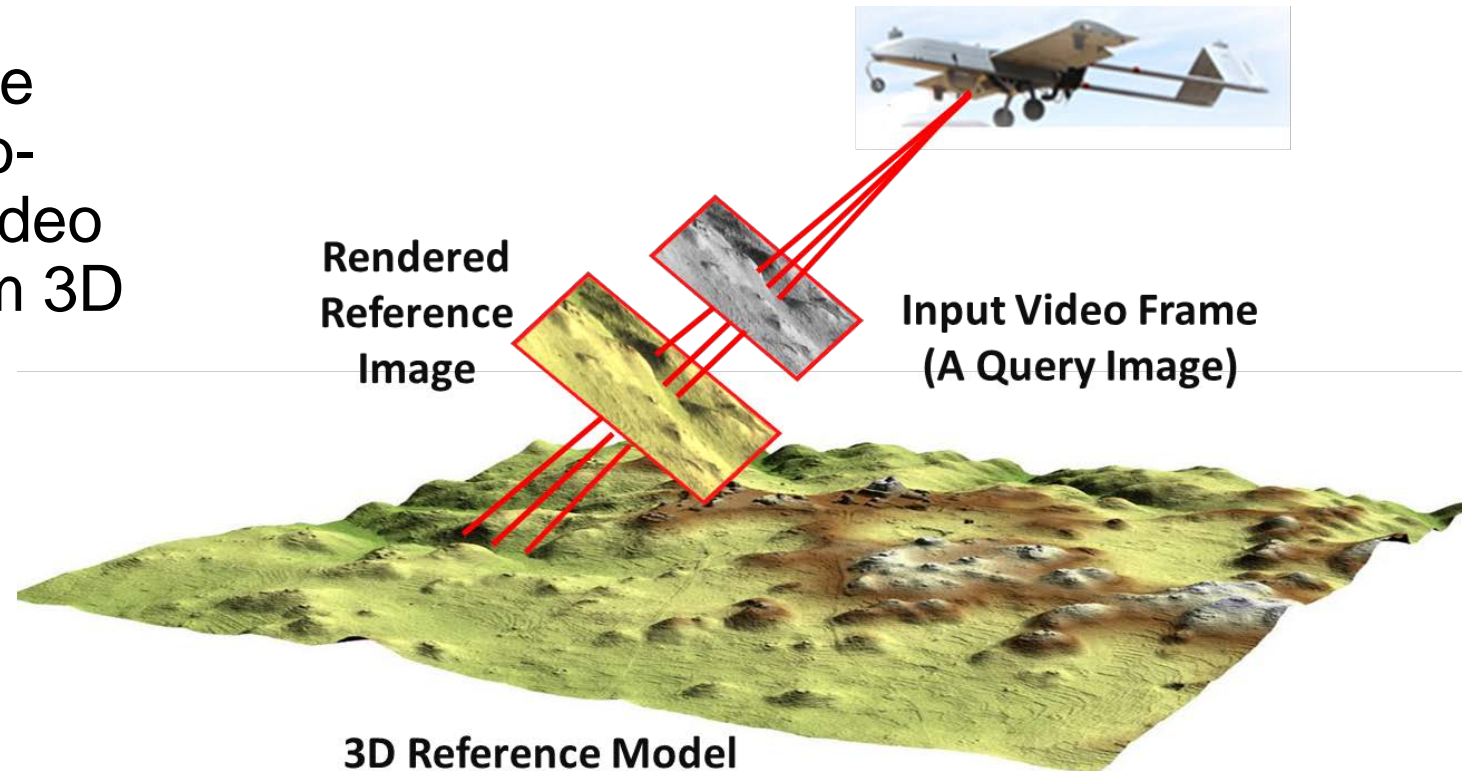


H. Chiu et al., “Augmented Reality Driving Using Semantic Geo-Registration”, IEEE VR 2018.

T. Oskiper et al., “Stable Vision-Aided Navigation for Large-Scale Augmented Reality”, IEEE VR 2011.

Application: GPS-Denied Aerial Navigation

- **Challenge:** Provide accurate aerial navigation solutions under long-term GPS outage – navigation solution drifts quickly without GPS
- **Solution:** Incorporate absolute information through visual geo-registration from each input video frame to rendered image (from 3D referenced database) into navigation system.
- It provides accurate (3D RMS error < 10 meters) and consistent solutions on large-scale GPS-denied scenarios.



H. Chiu, A. Das, P. Miller, S. Samarasekera, R. Kumar, “Precise Vision-Aided Aerial Navigation”, IEEE IROS 2014.

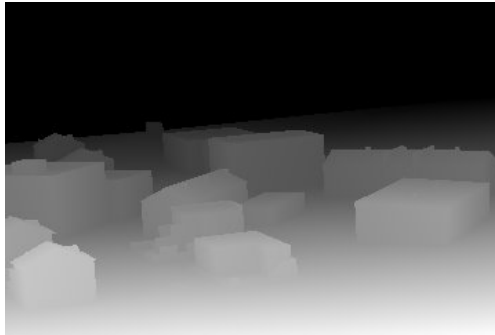
Geo-registration of video to site model ...

**Original
Video**

(video)



**Site
model**



**Geo-
registration
of video to
site model**



(video)



(video)

**Re-projection of video after merging with
model.**

Topics:

- Cross view/ Cross time: Rakesh (Teddy) Kumar
 - Coarse Search using neural networks
 - Fine Geo-Localization and end-to-end solutions
- Same View and Cross View Geo-Localization: Mubarak Shah
 - Image geo-localization using constraint dominant sets for same view
 - GAN based approaches for alignment based on synthesis for cross view
- Large Scale Cross View Image Geo-localization: Chen Chen
 - Cross-view image geo-localization beyond one-to-one retrieval
- Cross Modal Visual Localization: Han Pang Chiu
 - Using 3D/ LIDAR data for visual localization
 - Using Maps for visual localization